

15 C L A I M S

What is claimed is:

- 1. A molecular marker that distinguishes a Frk2 gene originating from Lycopersicon esculentum as opposed to a Frk2 gene originating from a wild Lycopersicon species, said marker being a marker for increased fructose/glucose ratio in tomato fruit as compared to a ratio generally present in standard tomato cultivars.
- 2. A molecular marker for a gene linked to Frk2 having a wild-species derived allele, whose wild species-derived allele increases fructose to glucose ratio in mature tomato fruit as compared to a ratio generally present in standard tomato cultivars.
- 10 3. A molecular marker according to claim 2 wherein said marker is part of the Frk2 gene.
 - 4. A molecular marker that, upon interaction with another marker that tags a Fgr locus located on tomato chromosome number 4, is a marker for increased fructose/glucose ratio in tomato fruit as compared to a ratio generally present in standard tomato cultivars.
 - 5. A molecular marker according to claim 1 that distinguishes a Frk2 gene originating from Lycopersicon esculentum as opposed to a Frk2 gene originating from Lycopersicon hirsutum.
 - 6. A marker according to claim 1 and further comprising an amplification product generated by a primers called F2F and F2R that are further digested with *Eco*R I endonuclease, comprising a nucleotide sequence:
 - F2F= CGCCCGCTGAGTTGAATCTTGATCTT, and
- 20 F2R= CACAAGGACATGGCGGATTCATCATC.
 - 7. A marker according to claim 6 and further comprising a fragment having a nucleotide sequence as follows:
- 1 CATGGCAGTT AACGGTGCTT CTTCCTCTGG TTTGATCGTC AGTTTCGGTG AGATGTTGAT
 61 CGATTTCGTT CCGACAGTCT CCGGCGTATC CCTTGCCGAG GCTCCCGGAT TTTTGAAAGC
 - 121 TCCCGGCGGT GCACCGGCGA ACGTCGCTAT CGCGGTGACG AGGCTCGGAG GGAGGTCGGC
- 30 241 GAACGGCGTA CAAGCCGATG GAATCAATTT TGACAAGGGC GCCAGGACGG CTTTGGCGTT
 - 301 CGTGACTCTA CGCGCCGACG GAGAGCGTGA GTTTATGTTT TACAGAAATC CCAGTGCCGA

181 GTTCGTCGGG AAACTCGGCG ACGATGAGTT CGGTCACATG CTCGCCGGGA TTCTGAAAAC

- 35 361 TATGTTGCTC ACGCCCGCTG AGTTGAATCT TGATCTTATT AGATCTGCTA AGGTGTTCCA
 - 421 CTATGGATCA ATTAGTTTGA TCGTGGAGCC ATGTAGAGCA GCACATATGA AGGCAATGGA
 - 481 AGTAGCTAAG GAGGCAGGGG CATTGCTCTC TTATGACCCT AACCTTCGTT TGCCGTTGTG

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541 GCCTTCAGCA GAAGAAGCCA AGAAGCAAAT CAAGAGCATA TGGGACTCTG CTGATGTGAT
601 CAAGGTCAGC GATGTGGAGC TCGAATTCCT CACTGGAAGC AACAAGATTG ATGATGAATC
661 CGCCATGTCC TTGTGGCATC CTAACTTGAA GCTACTCTTG GTCACTCTTG GTGAAAAGGG
721 TTGCAATTAC TACACCAAGA AATTCCATGG AACCGTTGGA GGATTCCATG TGAAGACTGT
781 TGACACCACT GGAGCTGGTG ATTCTTTTGT TGGTGCCCTT CTAACCAAGA TTGTTGATGA
841 TCAAACCATT CTCGACGATG AAGCAAGGTT GAAGGAAGTA CTTAGGTTTT CATGTGCATG
901 TGGAGCCATC ACTACAACCA AGAAAGGAGC AATCCCAGCT TTGCCTACTG CATCTGAAGC
961 CCTCACTTTG CTCAAGGGAG GAGCATAGAA ACATCATGTT ATCTTTTTTC TTTTTTCCAT
1021 CTTCATATAT TTCCCCCCCT TTATGAGTTT TTTTTAACTT TGAAGCTAGT AGGAAGCCTT

8. A marker according to claim 6 and further comprising a fragment having an amino acid sequence as follows:

MAVNGASSSGLIVSFGEMLIDFVPTVSGVSLAEAPGFLKAPGGAPANVAIAVTRLGG RSAFVGKLGDDEFGHMLAGILKTNGVQADGINFDKGARTALAFVTLRADGEREFMF YRNPSADMLLTPAELNLDLIRSAKVFHYGSISLIVEPCRAAHMKAMEVAKEAGALLS YDPNLRLPLWPSAEEAKKQIKSIWDSADVIKVSDVELEFLTGSNKIDDESAMSLWHP NLKLLLVTLGEKGCNYYTKKFHGTVGGFHVKTVDTTGAGDSFVGALLTKIVDDQTI LDDEARLKEVLRFSCACGAITTTKKGAIPALPTASEALTLLKGGA

9. A method for breeding tomato plants that produce tomatoes having superior taste characteristics, comprising the steps of:

crossing at least one *Lycopersicon esculentum* plant with a *Lycopersicon* spp. to produce hybrid seeds;

collecting the hybrid (F₁) seeds;

growing plants from the F₁ seeds;

pollinating the F₁ plants;

collecting the hybrid seeds produced by the F₁ plants;

growing plants from the seeds produced by the F₁ plants;

measuring glucose and fructose content of ripe fruit produced from the plants grown from

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the seeds of the F₁ plants;

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providing a marker that distinguishes a Frk2 gene originating from Lycopersicon esculentum as opposed to a Frk2 gene originating from a wild Lycopersicon species, said marker being a marker for increased fructose/glucose ratio in tomato fruit; and

using said at least one additional marker to select a tomato plant with tomato fruit having desired characteristics including a fructose to glucose ratio greater than a ratio of standard Lycopersicon esculentum.

10. A method for finding a gene that produce tomatoes having superior taste characteristics, comprising the steps of:

providing a marker that distinguishes a Frk2 gene originating from Lycopersicon esculentum as opposed to a Frk2 gene originating from a wild Lycopersicon species, said marker being a marker for increased fructose/glucose ratio in tomato fruit; and

using said at least one additional marker to find said gene.

11. A method for finding a promoter region of a gene that produce tomatoes having superior taste characteristics, comprising the steps of:

providing a marker that distinguishes a Frk2 gene originating from Lycopersicon esculentum as opposed to a Frk2 gene originating from a wild Lycopersicon species, said marker being a marker for increased fructose/glucose ratio in tomato fruit; and

using said at least one additional marker to find a promoter region of said gene.

- 20 12. A method according to claim 10 and further comprising cloning said gene.
 - 13. A method according to claims 9 and additionally comprising the step of propagating said plants with tomato fruits having the desired characteristics.
 - 14. A method according to claim 13 wherein the step of propagating includes the step of vegetative propagation.
- 25 15. A method according to claim 13 wherein the step of propagating includes the step of propagation by seed.
 - 16. A tomato plant produced according to the method of claim 9.
 - 17. A tomato fruit produced by a tomato plant in accordance with claim 16.
 - 18. A tomato seed which when grown yield a tomato plant in accordance with claim 16.